

MONGKOK INCIDENT SEQUEL

The situation with regard to the man whose arrest on Tuesday night led to a near-riot outside Mongkok Police Station grew somewhat more complicated last night with the announcement by the Chinese military authorities in Kowloon that the man was not (as was originally thought) a member of the Chinese armed forces. He is not, however, to be handed back to the Hong Kong Police.

The statement given out by the Chinese military authorities last night said that the man had at one time been in the Medical Department but was "dismissed long ago," and he was, therefore, no longer a member of the Chinese military.

The Chinese military authorities here, the statement continued, were now trying to recover the pistol he had with him from the Hong Kong Police, as it was a Chinese Army pistol. The man himself is to be taken to Canton and turned over to the Generalissimo's HQs, there for trial.

Hong Kong Police officials last night had not received any communication about the changed status of the man from Chinese military sources and were, therefore, unable to make any comment on the matter.

The man was arrested following an armed robbery, and as he was being taken to the police station a crowd gathered and started to throw stones at the police. The man was subsequently turned over to the Chinese military authorities when he claimed to be a member of the Chinese Army.

MINOR STRIKES AT HOME

London, May 30.

Minor strike troubles continue in London and the provinces.

Stevedores, who claim the pre-war right of their sons to join them at work, remained idle at three of London's docks today.

About 2,300 workers at two London aero-engine factories of Napier and Sons, joined the one-day strike called at all the company's factories, and those of the English Electric Company, where many thousands of men are now idle.

The men's action is in protest against the dismissal of a trade union shop steward from a Liverpool factory.—Reuter.

Return To Work

London, May 30.

Union officials have recommended that 3,000 stevedores whose three-day strike has delayed ships at London docks return to work.

A general meeting to act on the recommendation was called for Thursday after Ministry of Labour officials arranged a conference with employers on the men's demand that their sons be made automatically eligible for dock jobs as they were before the war.

More than 250,000 English Electric Company employees were to be back on the job tomorrow after a one-day token protest against the dismissal of a union official. Scattered strikes involving Yorkshire coal mines, airplane plants, and laundries left 5,000 other British workers still idle.—Associated Press.

CANT RESIGN

Munich, May 30.

Dr. Wilhelm Hoegner, the special democrat Minister-President of Bavaria, offered his resignation today to General Walter J. Muller, the Director of the Office of Military government, in Bavaria, who refused to accept it.

The Premier explained that as a result of the victory of the Christian Social Union in the recent elections, he felt he no longer had the confidence of the people. General Muller said that the military government had shown confidence in him and his administration.—Reuter.

London, May 30.

Ninety-five thousand new doctors will be trained in the next five years, says Moscow radio, giving various points of the Soviet five-year plan. The number of nurses will be more than double.

ALL IS NOT WELL Threat To Prestige Of U.N.O. Soviet Delegate's Criticisms

EXPLOSIONS

Montreux, May 30.
Ten workers died today in explosions at two munitions depots in the mountain fortress of Saint Maurice, 4,000 feet up, in the mountains northeast of Lake Geneva.

The cause of the explosions which lasted for over two hours is not yet known. The damage is said to be considerable.—Reuter.

ELECTRIC CO. PROPOSALS TO STRIKERS

The rooftop of the club premises of the Hong Kong Electric Company's power house workers, who have been out on strike since Friday, May 17, was the scene of heated debates which lasted until the small hours of this morning, as the men and their committee discussed proposals from the Company handed to them by the Labour Office yesterday.

At the time of going to press, the discussion was still going on, and representatives of the strikers told the "China Mail" late last night that it was most unlikely that work would be resumed today, although an attempt would be made to thresh the whole thing out before the meeting adjourned.

Representatives of the strikers were in conference with the Labour Office from 1 p.m. to 6.30 p.m. yesterday and last night's meeting was called to discuss the counter-proposals handed to them yesterday, signed by the Labour Office.

These proposals, the "China Mail" was informed, covered all the issues put forward by the strikers. The company proposed a 48-hour week, with any work over and above that to count as overtime, with the 1941 basic wage converted to an 8-hour day plus 38 per cent. rehabilitation allowances, increments, grading, hospital and sick leave according to terms of service, and so on.

The rehabilitation allowance proposed for coolies, the "China Mail" was informed, was \$84 a month, and that for skilled workers \$3 a day every day of the year.

No indication could be secured from the strikers as to whether or not the Company's proposals were acceptable on the whole.

"Hard Coal" Strike Next?

Now York, May 30.

As 400,000 soft coal miners prepare to return to the pits, following the settlement of their two months old dispute, the American Government is faced with the possibility of a new "walkout" by hard coal miners tonight. The hard coal miners have set midnight as their "deadline."

Soft coal miners will start straggling back to the pits today but it will be Monday before the volume of production gets under way.

The agreement signed with John L. Lewis, their leader, gives the miners 18½ cents an hour wage increase, a shorter working week and a \$25,000,000 health and welfare fund. It is officially reported that the Government will permit an increase in the price of coal from 85 to 50 cents per ton.

Despite the passing by the United States House of Representatives of the drastic anti-strike bill, there is no sign of a settlement in the dispute of seamen and dockers who have threatened to go on strike on June 15 if their demands are not met.—Reuter.

London, May 30.

The Polish Minister of Justice, Dr. H. Swiatowski, has invited Sir Hartley Shawcross, Attorney-General, to visit Poland. It is expected that the Polish Foreign Office, that he will have to call for Warsaw on June 15 if their demands are not met.—Reuter.

RIVALS

Jerusalem, May 30.
A major rift in Palestine Arab politics occurred after a three-hour meeting in Jerusalem today, when the Arab Higher Front was set up as a rival body to the Arab Higher Committee.

The Front is composed of five political parties, whose ten nominations to membership of the Arab Higher Committee were rejected by Jamal Husseini, Chairman of the Higher Committee.—Reuter.

Lengths Of Service Of New Entries

London, May 30.

Details of the length of service of men called up to the armed forces in 1947-48 are revealed in a Government White Paper published today. Men called up during 1947 will serve two years but after January, 1948, men called up will serve decreasing periods.

February intake will serve one year and 11 months, April intake one year and ten months, June intake one year and nine months, August one year and eight months, October one year and seven months and December one year and six months.

Under this call-up, 100,000 men will join the services in each of the two years mentioned. This, however, is the interim scheme. The Government has not yet decided whether conscription is to be a permanent feature of British life.

It has been decided that women's service will be continued on a voluntary basis and a permanent feature of the armed forces.

Conscripts called up under the new scheme will have their civilian jobs kept open for them but it has not been decided whether they will get gratuities and leave on the same terms as men called up during the war period.—Reuter.

AMERICAN EYES ON MOSCOW

Washington, May 30.

American officials here look to Moscow for the Russian reaction to U.S. Secretary of State James Byrnes' blunt denial of Russian Foreign Minister Molotov's charges against him and the United States.

The denial raised a prime question here:—What will its effect be on the Russo-American relations, already strained, and on the chances for an early peace in Europe?

Byrnes ended a news conference by emphasizing his hope that the Big Four foreign ministers will be able to iron out their differences when they meet again in Paris on June 15.

Some diplomatic officials, looking beyond the spectacular side of the Molotov-Byrnes exchange, said that each official merely restated his government's position on major peace-making problems dividing their countries. They doubted that it would throw any new obstacles into the path of the ministers when they return to Paris.

But no one minimized the size of the existing obstacles which include the touchy Italian-Yugoslav frontier question, the disposition of the former Italian colonies, the Danube River shipping and long-term control of Germany.

As though to emphasize that the next move, if any, is up to Russia, Byrnes turned his attention temporarily away from Europe to hemispheric affairs. He planned to testify before the House Foreign Affairs Committee in favour of legislation aiming at an unified, pan-American defense system.—Associated Press.

M.P. HITS TWO RUSSIANS

Rome, May 30.

United States military authorities at Ciampino Airport, outside Rome, said today that an American military policeman had struck a Russian diplomatic courier carrying mail to Paris, who failed to identify himself in the plane and refused to heed orders to leave it temporarily.

The announcement was made by a public relations officer on behalf of Lieutenant-Colonel R. M. Crow, commanding officer, and said the same policeman also struck a Russian diplomat outside the plane when the American interpreted his actions as defiance of his orders.

Neither of the Russians were injured, the announcement added. It failed to give the names of the policeman, courier or diplomat. The statement said that Lieutenant-Colonel Crow is considering whether or not disciplinary action should be taken against the policeman.

The diplomat was identified after the incident as a Russian Embassy official who, it is believed, accompanied the courier to the airport. The courier continued to Paris. Efforts to reach Attachés at the Russian Embassy for comment were not successful.—Associated Press.

Presbyterian Attack On Catholics

Atlantic City, May 30.

The United States Presbyterian church takes the Roman Catholic Church severely to task for allegedly pressing claims for a favoured position in the United States.

The Presbyterian General Assembly is already on record as being against continued official relationships between the United States and the Vatican. They approve a report which said that Catholic aggressiveness "at times involves political action and pressure on sources of public opinion and public policy."

The Assembly also went on record as being opposed to the manufacture of atomic bombs, compulsory peacetime military training and unilateral control by the United States of former Japanese islands in the Pacific.

It approved cooperation with Russia in peace efforts; national food rationing to feed the starving areas; support of collective bargaining; and the right of labour to strike without negative limits.—Associated Press.

Athens, May 30.

The Greek Navy today formally hoisted the flag over two new submarines which have been transferred to Greece by Britain, the Athens News Agency reported.—Reuter.

London, May 30.

The Vatican Radio said today that Pope Pius will speak to the Council of Cardinals on Saturday, June 1. The speech will be relayed by the Vatican Radio.—Reuter.

ENSA STAR THEATRE

present
The Variety Section
of
HONG KONG STAGE CLUB
in
"TAKE IT EASY"
with an
ALL-SERVICE CAST
and
ARMANDO SANTOS & HIS BAND
Commencing Monday 3rd. June 1946
at 7.30 p.m.
Each Serviceman may bring one Civilian Guest.

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
LIMITED
Specialists in Office Equipment
YORK BLDG., 11 CHATER ROAD,
TELEPHONE 31023
HONGKONG

HAVE THE PLEASURE TO
ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF

DICTAPHONES

INSPECTION CORDIALLY INVITED

HONG KONG SERVICES RACE CLUB
FINAL MEETING OF THE SEASON

PROCEEDS TO CHARITIES

will be held at

HAPPY VALLEY RACE COURSE
ON SUNDAY, 2ND JUNE

(In view of the possibility of inclement weather a decision will be broadcast from ZBW Hong Kong at 12.30 p.m. on the day of the Meeting).

FIRST SADDLING BELL ... 2.30 P.M.

FIRST RACE STARTS AT ... 3.00 P.M.

CASH SWEEPS

There will be a Special Cash Sweep on the Stewards' Cup, tickets for which (\$2) may be obtained at the Office of the Hong Kong Jockey Club, Exchange Building, First floor, together with the usual "Through" numbers (\$10) including a chance in the Stewards' Cup Sweep.

Public Enclosure \$1.- including Tax

ENTRANCE Members Enclosure \$3.-

There are a limited number of Boxes available upon application to the Clerk of the Course, Lt.-Col. J. R. Edgar, M.B.E., H.Q. Land Forces. (Telephone No. 34121-Ex. 26). Wing Comdr. F. W. CHADWICK, D.F.C. Secretary, H.K.S.R.C.

BY COURTESY OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

Queen's Camera Exchange
& Studio

Specialists in
PRINTING, DEVELOPING & ENLARGING.
Prompt and Satisfactory Service.

33 Queen's Road C. (next Queen's Theatre).

Telephone 24120.

ABC 服務社
SERVICE BUREAU
TEL: 24265

Specialists:
FLOOR POLISHERS
WINDOW CLEANERS
MOTOR CAR POLISHERS
GENERAL CONTRACTORS
SANITARY MAINTENANCE
OFFICE & BUILDING.

Interview cordially invited
(No obligation or charges)

31, Connaught Road, C. Tel: 24265, P.O. Box 330

Always only on Camel Brand
CAMEL CIGARETTES VARNISHES & LACQUERS

CHINA MAIL

Windsor House

Managing Editor: W. J. Keatos
Telephones: 24264
Editors 24264
Reporters & General Office 32312
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:

3 months H.K.\$ 9.00
6 months H.K.\$18.00
One year H.K.\$36.00

FRANCE AND
BRITAIN

Apart from the general questions which engaged the Foreign Ministers of the four Powers in Paris, it is reasonable to suppose that Mr. Bevin and M. Bidault conducted private discussions on matters which have halted the proposals for an Anglo-French treaty of alliance. The easier atmosphere induced by the settlement of the Syria-Lebanon dispute, and by the departure from office of General de Gaulle, was definitely recorded in April after the speech by the new French Premier, M. Gouin, advocating a French alliance with Britain as a complement to that with the Soviet. This statement was promptly accepted by Mr. Bevin as an opportunity for the British Government's reconsideration of the whole question. The main stumbling-block, which had hitherto stood in the way, namely, French insistence on the prior political severance of the Ruhr district from Germany, seemed partly, at least, removed by M. Gouin's speech implying acceptance of the British plan for Allied economic control only. Unfortunately, M. Bidault's subsequent statement on behalf of the French denied this construction and marked the end of public exchanges on the topic.

There is no evidence that this assertion of the French demand for a prior settlement of the Ruhr question has since been modified. If the British Government believes that it can eventually convince French Ministers that what France seeks by way of security can be achieved without cutting off the Ruhr politically from Germany, there is no sign of any progress as yet. Mr. Bevin's statement that Anglo-French friendship ought "at the appropriate moment to be cemented by a treaty of the same character as the Anglo-Soviet agreement" seemed to offer M. Bidault the chance to advocate an alliance of better current co-operation than that exemplar. The French Minister's reply left no doubt, however, about the French people's sentiments. "The mutual desire for this alliance," he said, "has never since the Entente Cordiale been called in question, and has been very clearly reaffirmed."

But such sentiments alone will not build it for the new and uncertain post-war world. The alliance, which M. Bidault declared came into effect quite naturally as soon as common dangers arose twice during the past 25 years, seems still the most natural development in the present state of Western Europe. The Western Democracies cannot but stand together for the maintenance of Western civilisation, and the Anglo-French treaty would provide its essential basis. In their hearts all Frenchmen must surely realise that the place of their country in such an international understanding for security and common prosperity would be vastly more advantageous than anything which France could win for herself and by the prosecution of an isolated French policy for the Ruhr, even if she could indefinitely maintain that policy in the peace conference. So long as France remains aloof from close collaboration with Britain in the great task of European reconstruction, the very conditions of peace and order which are essential to France's own recovery cannot be brought into being.

ARAB LEADERS
BREAK BREAD

Cairo, May 30.
King Abdullah of Trans-Jordan and Emir Crown Prince of Saudi Arabia, "broke bread" at a banquet given last night by King Farouk of Egypt.

Arab observers see in this evidence that, according to Arab tradition, all differences between the two families of which King Abdullah and King Farouk are

WOMAN'S PLACE IN POLITICS

If war, as it is said, teaches us geography, it also teaches us economics. Out of evil cometh good, although the reckless dissipation of our resources on war is a high price to pay for a knowledge of economics.

Even the women, if my correspondence is anything to go by, are beginning to show an interest in what used to be called, very foolishly, the dismal science. I say "ever" because, presumably, women have less time to give to such subjects than men have, although the general run of men are pretty ignorant under this head, as is evident by the fatuous remarks that Socialist Ministers have made, and still unblushingly make, on various occasions.

"Economy" means the management of the home, and in the last analysis that is what economics means. So it is only fitting that women should concern themselves with it. Economics is the most practical of all studies, and this fact has been impressed on women more and more in this aftermath of war.

But there is no royal road to learning about it. I wish there were, for then we should not have to witness the spectacle of many people voting to their own detriment at elections—people who are carried away by the unfulfillable promises of soap-box economists.

There is no royal road. That truism must be emphasised because women often write to me asking me to point out such a road in relation not only to economics but also to politics, the dividing line between which is very blurred in these days.

For example, a woman reader recently suggested to me that I should go through all the Parliamentary Bills and extract from them the parts which specifically affect women. The mere suggestion enabled me to understand how Hercules felt when he contemplated the Augean stables.

Not that the suggestion is ridiculous. It is eminently sensible if anybody is lucky enough to have the time to carry it out. For women, in company with men, unknown to themselves are being fettered in totalitarian bonds by much of the legislation sponsored by the Socialist Government. An example of what I have in mind is supplied by two provisions in the National Insurance Bill.

The Bill enacts that a woman whose condition entitles her to an allowance may be disqualified "if

she has been absent from her

work for more than three months

in the last twelve months."

I would like to introduce the three inventors to the zoologist, with a view to getting some of the smaller bugs housed in the tube. This I would call cooperation. But, stay! How is the zoologist to be sure that a bug or two has not evaded his notice? What about a certain beetle in North China? When he has finished I will introduce him to Ahmed, the Syrian grocer, who is making the first census of the grains of sand in the Sahara.

Progress

I am preparing for my colleague Mr. Agate, who likes the idea of condensed versions of Dickens ("with continuity narrative," says the author of a revised version of "Great Expectations"), shortened editions of Cervantes, Racin and Molire, since nobody has time to read much today. This experiment will be followed by brief versions of Beethoven's Symphonies, with a number of bars omitted, selected limbs of the best sculpture, and parts of famous pictures. Half a Velazquez is better than none.

Narkover

While the Governors of Narkover School were holding a specially convened meeting to discuss what could be done to foster the almost unbelievable outbreak of honesty at the school ("the first sign of decency for thirty-one years," to quote a Governor)—news came that two of the junior masters had been arrested for house-breaking in the neighbourhood. "I thought it was too good to be true," said the Chairman gloomily.

In Passing

Ever since it has become possible to prophesy about the war

(a), during the period for which she is allowed to pay her any work as an employed or self-employed person, or fails without good cause to observe any prescribed rules of behaviour; or (b) she fails without good cause to attend for, or to submit herself to, any medical examination in accordance with subsection 3 of this section."

On the face of it those clauses seem harmless enough, but when one ponders on "prescribed rules of behaviour" the full extent of

By
CANDIDUS

the arbitrary power thus placed in the hands of the bureaucracy becomes horribly apparent. The Bill is heavy with unpleasant potentialities for humiliating and cheating, the citizenry.

Now let us turn to economics. There has been of late a recurrence of the rumour that the Government propose to pass legislation which will limit the dividends paid by public companies. Women might pardonably comment, if they were not investors, that "this could not possibly touch me."

They would be wildly wrong. I am ignoring the unfairness of robbing those who have risked their money in ordinary shares—there would be no point in industrial enterprises striving to maximise one section of the company costs low, and consequently the housekeepers of this country would have to pay through the nose for nearly everything that goes into the home.

Superficially, it may seem an non-investing section an attractive move to freeze dividends at a certain level, but by unjustly maiming every other section would suffer. Partisan legislation, conceived in envy and spite, is always a double-edged tool, and the edges are mighty sharp.

It is safe to affirm that almost all legislation of a "social" kind is of greater import to women than it is even to men, for this good and simple reason: that politics and economics, as I have stated above, are aimed, or should be, at rendering life happier for human beings in their homes.

BY THE WAY
By BEACHCOMBER

Two recent bits of news have brought a lump into my throat. If the meteorologists were foretelling our weather by the throw of dice they could not be wider of the mark. It is highly amusing, in this cocksure age, to note that the old countrymen, who watch the skies and use their long experience seem to be far more accurate in their forecasts than all the instruments. In the market town near my home they are sufficiently urban to keep on repeating, like parrots. "The radio says...." But in the countryside they go by their own knowledge. And nine times out of ten they are right, and the drug-victims of radio wrong.

An Old English Custom

Jerusalem, May 30.

The military court here today sentenced Peter Martosh, 20-year-old Palestinian naval rating, to six years imprisonment with special treatment on each of two charges of possessing gun cotton and detonators while on board the British destroyer *Chevron* on April 30 this year.

The sentences are to run concurrently.

Martosh, who denied that the kitbag containing explosives and detonators was his, was one of the 13 ratings whom the *Chevron* carried from Alexandria to Haifa for demobilisation.

(The *Chevron* was the ship which intercepted the illegal immigration ship *Brigadier Wingate* in the Palestine waters off Tel Aviv on March 26).

It was stated that when the *Chevron* arrived at Haifa on May 1, the kitbag was discovered over the ship's magazine and contained detonators fitted and fully primed with a length of fuse.—Reuter.

"Merrie England" became an incredible memory, a Midsummer Night's Dream of doubtful origin and quality. But there are increasing signs that "Merrie England" is coming back, with Goose Fair in the van. For one thing wartime "Holidays at Home" have demonstrated to the authorities in all the

big towns that the people want

their recreation grounds to be

something more than flower beds

and ornamental ponds; they are

demanding "attractions," music,

variety shows, dances, garden

parties, sporting events, competitions and "fun for all."

The attendances at Goose Fair are continuously on the up-grade.

The fact that it brings in some

£5,000 a year in aid of the city's

rate is merely incidental. Every

year the showpeople devise some

new "sensation," and now that the

hubs are up again the Forest

trees and grassy slopes enclose

ten thousand twirling lambs and

glistening colours, making a

spectacle of warmth and gaiety,

unparalleled in the whole country.

The firmest supporters of the

Goose Fair remember the words of

Ronald Pate:

The Pilgrim rode to Palestine

To seek the Holy Shrine.

The tourist travelled into Spain

To taste the Spanish wine.

The woman rode to Nottingham.

For there can there not be the tale

of the young maidens

and the young men with their

lovers.

NO ANGLO-U.S. DISPUTE

Misunderstanding On Morrison Visit

How Germany Got French Workers

Nuremberg, May 30. Germany used French P.O.W.s as a club to bludgeon beaten France out of 250,000 workers for German industries in 1942, it was revealed at today's session of the Nuremberg war crimes tribunal.

The plan was divulged by Fritz Sauckel, Hitler's manpower chief, who said that he and the late Pierre Laval, the French quisling, drew it up on the orders of Hitler and Hermann Goering, the Führer's successor.

For every French prisoner released, Laval agreed to send three French civilians to work in Germany, Sauckel said, adding that the whole deal was accepted by the French as an "act of comradeship, and we had the feeling that it was received very favourably among the population."

French workers were conscripted for a period of only nine months, Sauckel said, and the scheme "was not carried out under pressure," he asserted.

Questioned about reports that Germany only sent back weakened or otherwise physically handicapped P.O.W.s, defendant replied that "it is entirely possible the army commanders at prison camps would do that."

Sauckel said he had always rejected the theory of the "master-race" and lebensraum (living space) if it meant aggressive war.—Associated Press.

Minister's Clash With Churchill

LONDON, MAY 30. MR. HERBERT MORRISON, LORD PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL, TOLD THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TODAY HE HAD THE AUTHORITY OF MR. WILLIAM CLAYTON, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE, FOR SAYING THAT THERE WAS NOT AND NEVER HAD BEEN ANY MISUNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THEM. MR. MORRISON ADDED, "I FOUND THAT VARIOUS MISUNDERSTANDINGS WERE CAUSED BY CABLED PRESS MESSAGES OF MY STATEMENT BEFORE THE OFFICIAL TEXT WAS RECEIVED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT IN WASHINGTON." AFTER RECEIVING THE OFFICIAL TEXT OF MR. MORRISON'S STATEMENT AND ASCERTAINING THAT THE FIRST VERSION OF IT HAD BEEN MISINTERPRETED, MR. CLAYTON HAD CONFIRMED THAT MR. MORRISON'S STATEMENT "CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE UNDERSTANDING REACHED IN OUR DISCUSSION."

"It was a pity" he added, "that a subordinate official—a United States Public Relations Officer I think it was—should have entered into the matter."

We have made representations on that point, and Mr. Clayton has expressed his regret on behalf of the United States Government," he said.

Mr. Morrison said that one passage had been interpreted in some quarters as implying that the United States had assumed specific commitments to export American wheat to certain areas, thus bypassing the established procedure by which these questions were settled through the Combined Food Board.

Mr. Morrison said he had already informed the United States Government what he had

Unbeaten Army Myth in Germany

London, May 30.

Mr. Winston Churchill, leader of the opposition, intervening in a brief discussion in the House of Commons today on the destruction of certain offensive German war memorials, asked if the destruction of these memorials in stone or bronze was not the way to write ideas even more deeply in the minds of the German people.

Mr. John Hynd, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster and minister responsible for the British administration in Germany, replied that he could certainly agree if it were the question of destroying memorials as such. He was sure, however, that Mr. Churchill would be one of the first to agree that such inscriptions as appear on the memorials in the centre of towns as "Unbeaten Army" was something that should not be encouraged in future designing of tombs and other memorials.

Mr. Churchill: "No, I think we have far more to do in building up a new world than that."

Mr. Hynd explained that the directive issued made provision for the destruction of any offensive memorials or statues or inscriptions which might be reminiscent of or encouraging to Nazi ideals.

There were many of those statues and inscriptions on

statues in the British zone. He

said that none had been de-

stroyed as far except as a result of land and air operations during the war.—Reuter.

Paris, May 30.

The deputies of the "Big

Four" Foreign Ministers, re-

presenting Britain, the United

States, Russia and France, met

in conference in Luxembourg

Palace this evening.

No decision was announced

after the meeting for examina-

tion of the bilateral treaties be-

tween Italy and the Allied

powers.

Tomorrow, the deputies will

discuss the Italo-Austrian fron-

tier question and hear reports

from Dr. Karl Gruber of the

Austrian Foreign Office, and

Count Carandini, Italian Ambas-

sador in London, on behalf of

Italy.

The French Foreign Minis-

ter, M. Georges Bidault, gave a

dinner in Paris tonight in hon-

our of Dr. Gruber. He will

return to Vienna on Satur-

day after presenting the Aus-

trian case to the deputies.—

Reuter.

Tokyo, May 29.

Brig. Gen. Roy C. L. Graham,

assistant Chief of Staff for

General MacArthur, will leave on

June 1 for Washington for re-

assignment.—Associated Press.

Paris, May 30.

The deputies of the "Big

Four" Foreign Ministers, re-

presenting Britain, the United

States, Russia and France, met

in conference in Luxembourg

Palace this evening.

No decision was announced

after the meeting for examina-

tion of the bilateral treaties be-

tween Italy and the Allied

powers.

Tomorrow, the deputies will

discuss the Italo-Austrian fron-

tier question and hear reports

from Dr. Karl Gruber of the

Austrian Foreign Office, and

Count Carandini, Italian Ambas-

sador in London, on behalf of

Italy.

The French Foreign Minis-

ter, M. Georges Bidault, gave a

dinner in Paris tonight in hon-

our of Dr. Gruber. He will

return to Vienna on Satur-

day after presenting the Aus-

trian case to the deputies.—

Reuter.

Tokyo, May 29.

At least nine were drowned

and four others missing as

muddy flood waters fed by four

days almost continuous rain

flowed into homes and business

establishments in south central

Pennsylvania today.

Estimates of the damage ex-

ceed \$3,000,000 and thousands

of persons were homeless.

The swiftest waters of the

Susquehanna river raced virtu-

ally out of control and struck

hardest at Williamsport.

Eye-witnesses said this central

Pennsylvania community of

43,000 lay helpless in the most

crippling flood since 1936, with

80 per cent of the residential

area under several feet of

water.

In New York the Chemung

river, a tributary of the Sus-

quehanna, disrupted utilities

and closed all roads but one.

About one third of the com-

munity was under more than

five feet of water and many of

its 50,000 inhabitants were ren-

dered homeless.—Associated

Press.

PALESTINE ARRESTS

London, May 30.

In the last six months 345

Arabs and 93 Jews have been

arrested in Palestine for illegal

possession of arms, George

Hall, Secretary of State for the

Colonies, reported in the House

of Commons yesterday.

Mr. Hall denied that the gov-

ernment was lax in instituting

proceedings, pointing out that

of those arrested, 159 Arabs

and 17 Jews had been brought

to trial and 122 Arabs and 14

Jews had been convicted.—As-

sociated Press.

TARGET

London, May 30. Sir Ronald Wall, Deputy Secretary of the Ministry of Food, said of today's Anglo-Danish luncheon on board the Danish vessel *Frederik*: "I am sure the hospitality and food we have had today will be the target at which the British Ministry of Food will aim."

The luncheon menu was: tongue, ham, salmon, savoury, sausages, roast beef, pickled herring, egg, butter, rye bread, white bread, smoked salmon, biscuits, cheese and coffee.—Reuter.

CHINA ENTERTAINMENT AND LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of China Entertainment and Land Investment Company, Limited will be held at the registered office of the Company, King's Theatre Building, 5th Floor, Victoria Road, in the Colony of Hong Kong, on Wednesday the Twelfth day of June 1946 at 12 o'clock noon when the abjoined resolution will be proposed as a special resolution.

That Article 71 of the Articles of Association be altered by substituting the figures "\$1,200.00 to \$2,400.00" for the figures "\$600.00 to \$1,200.00."

Dated the 18th day of May 1946.

George Y. K. Sun,
Secretary.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Will all individuals or firms having claims against Green Island Cement Co., Ltd., prior to 8th December, 1941, kindly forward same, with supporting details where possible, to our Head Office, Exchange Building, Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong, on or before 15th June, 1946.

This information is required, at the present time, for record purposes only.

R. TAYLOR,
Manager & Secretary.

Hong Kong, 27th May, 1946.

STANDARD-VACUUM OIL COMPANY

is pleased to announce again, for the convenience of the public, its offices are now located in the Hong Kong Bank Building:

2nd floor: Hong Kong District Office, South China Territory Accounting Office.

6th floor: South China Territory Office, Offices of Manager, Operations & Marketing Departments. Telephone Nos. 30203, 30204 & 30205.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors and Appraisers, Pedder Building, Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received instructions from The Custodian of Property to sell by Public Auction on

Monday, the 3rd June, 1946 commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at The Taikoo Sugar Refinery Godown, Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

85 LOTS OF MISCELLANEOUS GOODS comprising:

Machinery and Parts, Engines, Winches and</

VERY SERIOUS CHARGE

The application of Mr. E. S. C. Brooks on behalf of Chau To (who is charged with the offence of regulation) for bail was refused by Mr. C. Y. Kwan at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Mr. M. A. da Silva, for the Crown, opposed the application on the grounds that the charge was a very serious one, for if a conviction was obtained the Crown would ask for a life sentence. No amount of bail would be sufficient to guarantee his appearance in Court. Bail had been granted in the cases of C. Carroll, Hyndman and Grover but these cases were not so serious and in the event of a conviction the Crown would ask for varying sentences.

Mr. Brooks said that accused was formerly in the Police force and, like many others, joined the Police under the Japanese. In fact many of them were advised to do so. What he had done was probably what every policeman under the Japanese would have done.

In refusing bail, Mr. Kwan said that he was in possession of a copy of the charges and could not grant the application.

SAW HAND MOVE

Charged with attempted robbery on board a bus travelling from Mongkok to the Star Ferry terminus about 3:30 p.m. on May 29, Yim Chuen, 36, a cigarette nay, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon Court yesterday.

Cheng Chung, a coalie employee by the P. C. Tung Import and Export Company of 66, Des Voeux Road, was at the time in question he was travelling on the ferry terminus.

He was carrying a sum of \$1,000 in a saddle bag. He felt a touch and saw a hand moving away from his saddle. Looking round he saw defendant, who was sitting on his left, withdrawing a hand.

He did not raise the alarm till the bus had reached the terminus when he called a police constable and had defendant arrested.

It was stated that defendant had a previous conviction for a similar offence earlier in the year.

MONEY MART

Gold fluctuated between \$487 and \$490 per tael yesterday and closed steady at \$489.

Chinese national currency remained inactive, with very slight fluctuation, and closed at \$2.30 for futures and \$2.46 for spot per CNS\$1,000.

U.S. dollars were firm with buyers at \$6.32. Sterling had buyers at \$17.80, and Australian pounds at \$13.50.

CARTON DE WIART ARRIVES

General Carton de Wiart, V.C., the Prime Minister's personal representative in China, arrived in the Colony by R.A.F. plane yesterday.

Another arrival was Mr. Wallinger, en route to Nanking to take up the post of Counsellor at the British Embassy. He is accompanied by his wife and son.

SNATCHERS

Charged with snatching a handbag from a woman in Nathan Road on May 29, Chan Ching-yip, 21, unemployed, was sentenced to four months' hard labour by Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon Court yesterday.

Another arrival was Mr. Wallinger, en route to Nanking to take up the post of Counsellor at the British Embassy. He is accompanied by his wife and son.

ARMS SEIZED

A 24-year-old Chinese, Li Man, was brought before Mr. George She at the Central Magistracy yesterday charged with being in possession of a .38 revolver and a round of ammunition at Connaught Road Central near Jubilee Street on May 29.

At the request of Sub-Inspector H. C. Hui, the case was adjourned to June 4, for further enquiries.

Accused was arrested by Chinese C.840.

For snatching a "Polar" gold wrist watch and chain from Miss Mak Yee-ling at Bonham Strand East on Wednesday afternoon, Wong Ming was sentenced to two months' hard labour by Mr. George She at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

A charge that he had on or about Dec. 16 at Yaumati threatened Lau Man-sie with injury to his person, reputation or property was preferred against Wong Wing-dim, 31, Probationary Sub-Inspector of Police when he appeared before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kowloon Court yesterday.

A formal remand of one week was granted. Wong, 16, on bail of

"Average Sailor Is A Child At Heart"

Further evidence was given in the case in which Leonard Li Ki, Mui Sui-kei and Wong Ling are charged before Mr. C. Y. Kwan at the Central Magistracy with possession of 20,000 cigarettes on which duty had not been paid.

Mr. M. A. da Silva appeared for first and fourth defendants and Mr. E. S. C. Brooks for second and third defendants. Lieutenant Jennings, H.M.S. Tamar said that on May 12 he received reports of trafficking in cigarettes in the barracks on a large scale by sailor and in the afternoon, arrested A. B. Pearson and others. Pearson gave him certain information which he passed to Inspector MacCahey Central Police Station.

In the evening he went with Pearson to the Majestic Ballroom and was introduced to Leonard Pearson in the hearing of witness told Leonard that he had some cigarettes and Leonard said that he would try to get some one to buy them. About an hour later Leonard said he would take them to a

They were taken to the Golden City Restaurant where they met second accused Lee.

Witness admitted that D'Aguilar Street was dark, the entrance to the house narrow and that there was a pavement some four feet wide. He could not identify the police officer but could identify the last two accused. This was because of his naval training. He could identify any object on which he had his concentration. At the time he was taken up with the men and not with the Police officer.

In reply to Mr. Brooks wit-

ness admitted that there were two trucks and the number of guns.

Mr. Silva:—When told accused were not interested did you suggest why not take two guns as that was easy as each could be placed under the arm pits.—Yes.

That statement was made because they were not interested.—They were interested.

Good And Bad

Witness admitted that D'Aguilar Street was dark, the entrance to the house narrow and that there was a pavement some four feet wide.

Mr. Silva:—When told accused were not interested did you suggest why not take two guns as that was easy as each could be placed under the arm pits.—Yes.

That statement was made because they were not interested.—They were interested.

In reply to Mr. Brooks wit-

AIR SERVICE

The U.S. Army Courier Service has started a bi-weekly air service between Shanghai and Hong Kong.

BLAKE PIER INCIDENT

Alexander Gray Edmond, 37, engineer, residing at the Peninsula Hotel, was charged before Mr. F. X. d'Almada at the Central Magistracy yesterday with inflicting grievous bodily harm upon Cheung Sze Kueung at Blake Pier on May 23.

At the request of the prosecution, accused was remanded for a week, as complainant is still in hospital.

It was stated that complainant was suffering from a fractured lower jaw and abrasions on the face.

Witness admitted that there were good and bad in the Navy. The sailors were not all children at heart and some were just as cunning as the civilian members of the public.

Regarding Pearson he would say that up to six months ago his record was excellent.

The case was adjourned till Monday June 3 at 10 a.m.

Defence Objects To War Crime Charges

AN OBJECTION BY THE DEFENDING OFFICER, CAPT. J. F. REILLY, TO THE INSUFFICIENCY OF THE CHARGES AGAINST ACCUSED, WHEN HONG KONG'S FOURTH WAR CRIMES TRIAL OPENED AT JARDINE'S GO-DOWN, EAST POINT, YESTERDAY, WAS OVER-ruled BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE COURT.

THE ACCUSED—W.O. KURASAWA HIDEO, SGT. HANADA ZENJI, SGT. SAKAMOTO ISOJI AND L/CPL. SANO TOSHIHARA—ARE CHARGED WITH MALTREATING SEVEN CHINESE AT JAPANESE GENDARMERIE H.Q.

There was some laughter in Court when the Usher had to awaken a reporter from the Chinese press who had fallen asleep.

The Court is composed of Lieutenant-Col. J. C. Stewart (Department of the J.A.G. India), President, Major M. T. Ormsby (The West Yorkshire Regiment) and Captain B. N. Kaul (The Frontier Force Regiment).

Major G. S. Puddicombe (Victoria Rifles of Canada) is the Prosecuting Officer and Captain J. F. Reilly, Staff Captain (Legal) H.Q. ALFSEA, Defending Officer.

At the commencement of the hearing, when the President of the Court was about to ask accused to plead, Captain Reilly on behalf of the accused, raised an objection to the charges as framed on the ground that he considered the particulars given to be insufficient.

Captain Reilly referred to

Mr. M. A. da Silva as "the formidable Counsel for the Crown" and quoted the adjectives and expletives used by

Messrs. Remedios, Evans and Hon when they applied for particulars on behalf of their respective clients. Captain Reilly then went on to read from "The China Mail", the decision of the learned Magistrate, Mr. C. Y. Kwan, in the case under reference and quoted extracts from the Manual of Military Law in support of his contention.

After a short adjournment, the Court decided against Captain Reilly and the case opened with Major Puddicombe addressing the Court, after all accused had pleaded "Not Guilty."

Witness told Mr. Silva that he hoped he was a man above average intelligence and that he could judge men fairly well. He would describe Leonard as a sharp witted man. He did not know why a sharp-witted man like Leonard was not suspicious when he asked for half the proceeds knowing that the other half was to be divided between Pearson and himself.

Trucks And Guns

He denied pushing the \$200 to Leonard. He gave the money to Leonard. In the flat Leonard made no denial about the notes. Witness denied offering six guns at \$200 each in the car. He made no offer but was asked by Lee if he had anything else. In reply to him Lee gave him a list which included three-ton International trucks, arms and clothing.

Mr. Silva put it to witness that that was a lie and that it was he who mentioned the trucks and guns. Witness said that he mentioned the name of

Tsui, who was a friend of his sons.

Court Interpreter

Ip Tin Shang, Chief Interpreter at the Kowloon Magistracy, was the first witness called by the Prosecution. Ip stated: "As I returned home at about 9:20 a.m. on July 22, 1945, I saw five men on reaching the first floor of my house. They were strangers to me.

"One of them was L/Cpl. Sano Toshihara and the other four were Chinese. The names of three of these Chinese are Lau Sau Fuk, Ng Chi, Cheng Kwan alias Ai Chi Kwan. I was semi-conscious.

"I was asked by one of the Chinese if I was Ip Tin Shang. I replied in the affirmative. I was then detained. A search was made of the premises and I saw some papers taken away. My sons Ip Hak Kan and Ip Hak Kim were also arrested, as well as a man named Lau Siu Lit, who was a friend of my sons.

Court Interpreter

"We were taken over to Gendarmerie Headquarters at the Supreme Court and locked up in the Supreme Court and looked up separately. On July 26 I was

Readers' Letters

White Collar Legion

Sir,—From your Leading Article of May 28th issue, we derived some little measure of satisfaction to learn that at long last a "beef" is being aired concerning the plight that besets us in this post war struggle to survive.

When are all executive going to wake up to the cold sombre fact that collectively, the "white collar" classes the world over, are indispensable?

Stenographers, Clerks, Typists, Book-keepers and their like, all contribute their full share to the smooth function of world trade and finance. Their lot is pitiable because in comparison to other labourers, their incomes are ridiculously inadequate.

And yet, no one has even heard a moan or groan from that quarter—so far. In fact, we had

to quickly wait until your article appeared in print before we realized that something ought to be done about the wage of the "white collar" class.

The adoption of a wage basis applicable to all classes or ranks of employees would seem best used for a solution.

Let us presume that a colonic basic wage is \$300.00 p. month.

The No. 1, Coolie, a step higher should receive \$350.00 p. month; and an overall Superintendent, \$400.00 p. month, and so on.

While this is being written to concern the "white collar" classes, and which represent by far a larger percentage of the working class, my friends, many of them have even gone so far as to closely record their smallest daily expenses and find that, in order to survive, those in that category would not possibly be able to live and live normally, on anything less than a minimum basic salary of \$400.00 p. month. This sum would only apply to a single person.

Those married and with children dependent on him would either have to dispense with a roof over their heads or to keep alive the best they can on a starvation diet.

What is being granted to members of other working classes and granted (so I understand) in sympathy of understanding for the prevailing difficult times, should, in all fairness also be granted to the "white collar" group. Their mental exertion also wears them out as fast, if not faster in many cases, than the physical.

Your "Correspondence" Section of May 29th, discloses some very interesting and factual figures concerning incomes, notably that the "white collar" classes wage trail far behind those of the others; in fact it is by far the lowest.

ANOTHER WHITE COLLAR.

Star Ferry

Sir,—To Jojo Gutz:

We thank you kindly for being an extremely understanding citizen.

The "Star" Ferry Company

M. G. HARDIE,

Superintendent.

Housing.

Sir,—Now that the War is over and Democracy has triumphed over Despotism, the great men of the World are leaving no stone unturned in their idealistic efforts to make this world a better place in which to live in. Locally, great progress has been made in recovery and rehabilitation; and the fact that Government appointed a Committee to investigate and report on the housing problem is ample proof of the importance and

pened, you will be punished.

"I said I did not do anything. Hanada immediately proceeded to torture me. First of all he beat me about my head and face and then he struck me on my body and legs with a wooden pole with some force. I immediately became unconscious.

"After some time I gradually came to my senses. I felt some thing warm against my legs and also something hot near my face. With my eyes opened a little, I saw three Japanese present. Warrant Officer Kurasawa Hideo had appeared on the scene.

Deliberate Lies

"Toshihara hung me up with a rope with my wrists behind my back. Between them they beat me about my body and legs. I was beaten with wooden poles. I screamed and then became unconscious.

"Two or three days after this torture, I was again taken out of my cell by Toshihara and Lau Sau Fuk for interrogation. I was given a similar torture.

"On August 12 Toshihara took me out to a room on the verandah, where I saw a Chinese whose name I then learned was Tsui. Tsui spoke to me and asked me if I was going to tell the truth about Waichow. I said I had never been to Waichow and therefore could not tell him anything."

Court Interpreter

"Tsui was still not satisfied and urged me to talk. I then stated that I had assisted in taking an English prisoner of war from the Internment Camp to Waichow and had been to Macao to see the British Consul and had received \$500 in Portuguese currency.

"Toshihara beat me with a leather whip. He struck my head, face and neck with a wooden rod. I was semi-conscious.

"At this stage, another Japanese put in an appearance. I spoke a lot to Tsui in Japanese.

"Tsui then turned round to me and in a very threatening attitude said: "This man, Sgt. Hanada Zenji, is a man to be feared. He has been specially sent down to South China for his ability in torturing."

"After some time I was released. I was detained for 28 days. I was released on August 18 and had to receive medical treatment from two doctors after release."

"After evidence of this witness, the Court adjourned till 10 a.m. this morning, when Captain Reilly will commence his cross-examination of witness.

Special Ability

"Tsui then turned round to me and in a very threatening attitude said: "This man, Sgt. Hanada Zenji, is a man to be feared. He has been specially sent down to South China for his ability in torturing."

"After evidence of this witness, the Court adjourned till 10 a.m. this morning, when Captain Reilly will commence his cross-examination of witness.

Charged with breach of a deportation order, Hoang Chi-kuang, alias Chan Sang, 41, was sentenced to three months' hard labour when he appeared before Mr. W. H. Latimer at Kow

CENTRAL THEATRE

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 5.15, 7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

ALL THAT MONEY CAN BUY

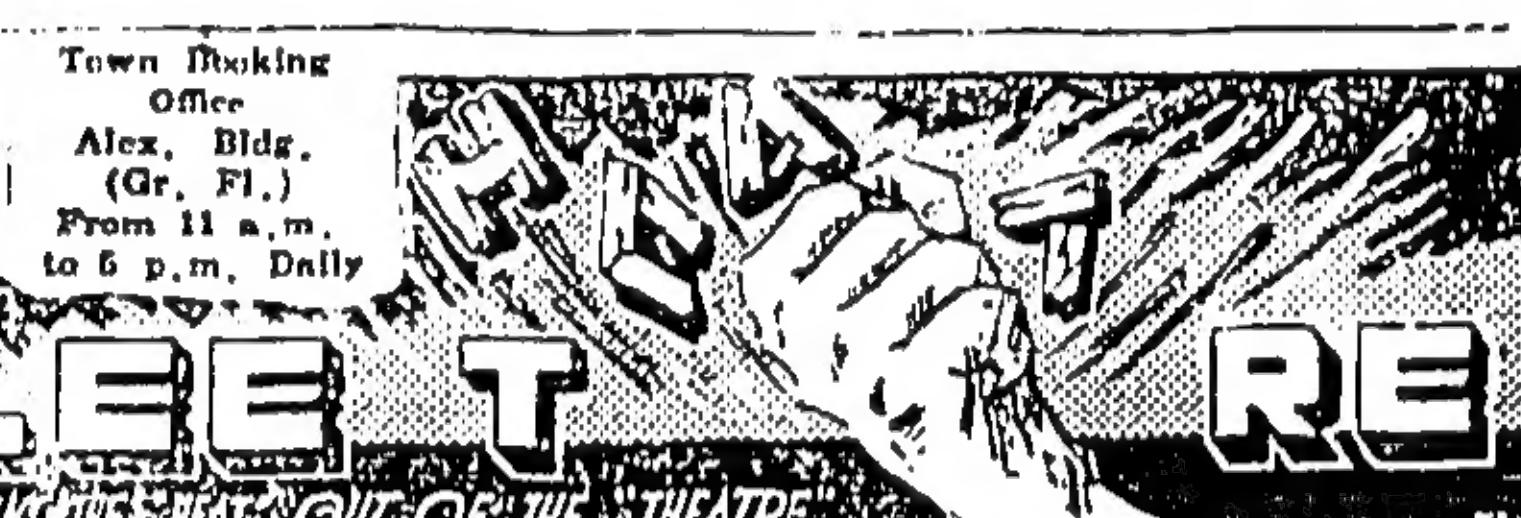
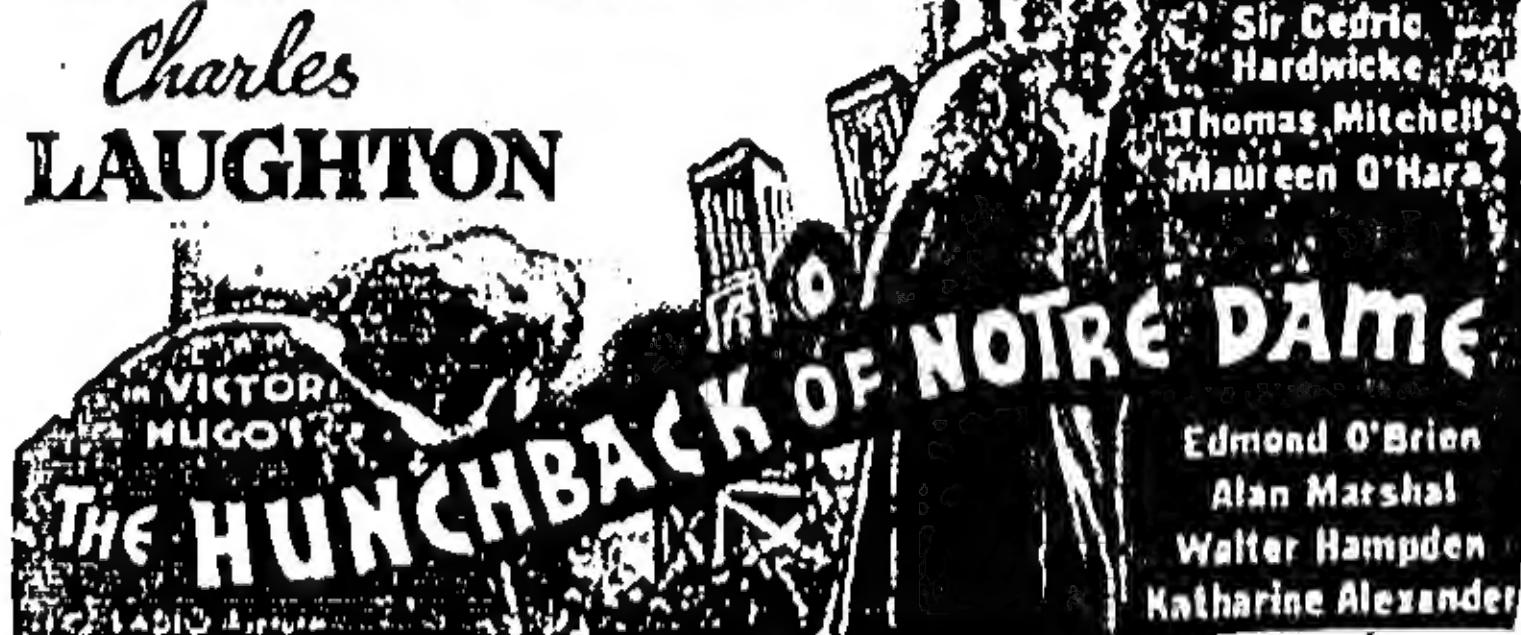


STARRING

EDWARD ARNOLD WALTER HUSTON
ANNE SHIRLEY JAMES CRAIG

AN R.K.O. RADIO HIT

COMMENCING SUNDAY

BIG BEYOND WORDS! THRILLING BEYOND
BELIEF! MAGNIFICENT BEYOND COMPARE!SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
They're in the Army Now . . . to Bombard
You with Exciting Beauty, Toe-Tickling Rhythm!John HUBBARD :: Osa MASSEN
Directed by Sidney LANFIELD
— A Columbia Picture —FINAL SHOWING
TO-DAY
At 2.30-5.15
ORIENTAL
7.30-9.30 p.m.

THE MOST EXCITING JUNGLE PICTURE OF THE SEASON!

SEE . . . Tarzan in a death battle with a ferocious
Numidian Lion—a terrific fight with the Monster Men
in the City of the Green Goddess . . . hair-raising
adventure and breathtaking escapes!

Commencing 'The FIGHTING LADY'

SHOWING TO-DAY
At 2.30; 5.10;
7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

KING'S

It's DEANNA in her First TECHNICOLOR Triumph!

More thrilling . . . with JEROME KERN Melodies!



Conditions In P.O.W. Camps In Germany

HANGED

Landsberg, May 30. Gottfried Weiss, commandant of the Dachau concentration camp, was hanged yesterday morning in Landsberg prison. Weiss had hoped for a reprieve just before his death. —Associated Press.

Surplus Italian War Material

Paris, May 29. A military committee report on the definition and disposal of surplus Italian war material was adopted on Tuesday by the deputy foreign ministers in Paris, American officials reported without divulging details.

In a inconclusive discussion on dealing with war criminals under the proposed Italian treaty, the United States deputy, Mr. James C. Dunn, renewed the proposal of Mr. Byrnes, for a special allied commission which would receive accusations for a limited period, say 90 days, after signature of the treaty.

Mr. Dunn stressed that the United States wanted war criminals handled by an Allied agency, rather than unilaterally. The deputies adopted a report on the future size of Rumania's army.

This will be passed to the foreign ministers who have already agreed that Rumania's forces be restricted to those needed for internal security and frontier protection. —Associated Press.

NUTS TO AMERICA

Washington, May 29. The House of Representatives Agriculture Committee said that nuts, dates and figs are being imported into the United States from countries adjacent to the famine areas.

Officials said that more nuts from India, Italy, Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Spain and South America were imported during the seven months ending March 31 than during the entire pre-war normal year.

"Those countries should send them to starving neighbours but they want American dollars." —Associated Press.

London, May 30. Six thousand Germans from Norwegian internment camps are to be repatriated to the Soviet zone of Germany during the next few weeks, states the British News Service in Germany. Many of them have been interned in camps at Mandal and Stavanger. —Reuter.

MAJESTIC

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.
THE SCREEN'S GREATEST GLORY STORY!

"GUNG HO!"

THE BATTLE CRY OF THE MARINE RAIDERS!

STARRING RANDOLPH SCOTT A Universal Picture

NEXT CHANGE ABBOTT & COSTELLO in "LOST IN A HAREM"

CATHAY

TO-DAY ONLY
At 2.30; 5.15; 7.15 & 9.30 p.m.

You'll Love Every Kiss, Every Song, Every Laugh!

"SEVEN SWEETHEARTS"

Starring KATHRYN GRAYSON TO-MORROW

Betty Grable Don Ameche in "MOON OVER MIAMI" in Super Technicolor

TKACHENKO'S RUSSIAN RESTAURANT

3, HANKOW ROAD, KOWLOON
Ground and 1st Floor

Best of Food and Wine, Service, Pleasant Surroundings. Phone for reservations 50559.

LONDON, MAY 30. THE WAR MINISTER, MR. JACK LAWSON, HAS CALLED FOR A FULL AND IMMEDIATE REPORT ON VARIOUS ALLEGATIONS WHICH HAVE BEEN MADE ABOUT CONDITIONS IN PRISONER OF WAR AND CIVIL INTERNMENT CAMPS IN THE BRITISH ZONE IN GERMANY AND BELGIUM.

THIS WAS ANNOUNCED IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS TODAY IN REPLY TO A QUESTION.

Earlier when questions on the same subject were asked, Mr. John Hynd, who is the minister responsible for the British administration in Germany, said that roughly 45,000 Germans were imprisoned in the British zone without trial, including 41,000 dangerous Nazis and security suspects and 4,000 suspected war criminals who would be tried as quickly as possible.

Major Tufton Beamish (Cons.) asked by what date he estimated the list of these persons would have undergone trial and whether he was satisfied that the standard of accommodation, feeding, medical facilities and general treatment in the camps in which these men and women were interned, and in particular in the senior officers' internment camp at Ostend, were entirely satisfactory.

Mr. Hynd said that he could not give the date by which their trial would be completed.

Balanced Rations

Large numbers were involved and the majority could not be tried until the Nuremberg Tribunal had given its verdict on the criminal organization. German internment camps in the British zone had recently been reviewed and as a result, food production activities had been intensified, said Mr. Hynd. Senior officers in internment camps were the responsibility of the War Secretary.

Disquieting Reports

Major Beamish said that there were very disquieting reports from reliable officers and even more disquieting rumours regarding conditions in a number of camps in Germany and that even if half of these reports were true they were a grave reflection on the British Administration. Could he be given an assurance that British treatment of German prisoners would be guided by justice and fairness?

Mr. Hynd replied: "I can give an assurance from the date my administration took over, namely on April 5, I know there are a number of rumours and that statements have been made concerning conditions in these camps. Obviously I cannot check every single statement. I have made personal investigations into some and have been assured by the internees themselves that they were entirely without foundation.

"The latest story concerned the camp at Recklinghausen and I took the opportunity of inviting a party of Members of Parliament now in the British zone, to visit the camp. I believe they completely satisfied themselves that the situation was far from as stated." —Reuter.

Challenge To Spain

Washington, May 30. The United States has challenged Spain to make good her promises to export Nazi refugees to Germany, by sending a ship to Bilbao for that purpose.

The State Department announced today that the ship, the Marine Perch, would arrive at Bilbao on June 6.

The ship had a capacity of 947 passengers, but the Spaniards have arranged for only 100 or 200 passengers for the trip. The State Department added "the Spaniards have claimed in the past that they could not expel the Nazis because of lack of ships." The sending of an American vessel is obviously designed to remove that argument.

The State Department spokesman said there remain in Spain 2,205 Nazis, "whose repatriation the United States Government wishes to effect as soon as possible." —Associated Press.

STRAUSS ILL

London, May 30. Richard Strauss, the 81-year-old composer who has been living in Switzerland since the end of 1945, underwent an operation for appendicitis in Lausanne Hospital, the British News Service in Germany said tonight. His condition is believed to be serious. —Reuter.

Russia Has Reached The Limit

Charleston, May 30. An Associated Foreign news analyst has addressed a college at Charleston declaring that the Russians have "just about reached their limit in legitimate expansion for security purposes and if they keep on a dangerous situation may arise."

He said there is danger of another war, but he was sure war need not come if all agree to avoid it.

He added that if Russia "stops where she is now, all will be well, but if she keeps on reaching, then it will be apparent that there are no limits to her ambitions." —Associated Press.

and W. G. Weston, under-secretary to the Minister of Transport.

Crown Prince Frederik was guest at a dinner at the Danish legation in London. —Associated Press.

Allies Sharing Out German Shipping

Brussels, May 30. The bulk of the German merchant shipping available to 18 Allied nations has been allotted to them and became their property yesterday. M. Jacques Ruoff, President of the Inter-Allied Reparations Agency, announced to the press here tonight.

The fleet consists of 249 ships, totalling 689,286 gross registered tons.

Following are the allocations, as announced, to each country:

Britain received 90 ships, totalling 364,512 gross tons, including the liner *Potsdam* of 17,523 tons, the *Milwaukee* 16,754 tons, the *Pretoria* 16,662 tons, and a big whaling ship.

France received 60,152 tons, including the crack liner *Europa*, 50,000 tons, Holland received 20 ships, totalling 51,916 tons; Belgium 11,195 tons; Australia 1,279 tons.

Canada received 10,797 tons; Denmark 20,410 tons; Egypt 1,029 tons; the United States 46,926 tons; Greece 42,440 tons, India 2,594 tons; New Zealand 1,418 tons; Norway 7,759 tons and Yugoslavia 8,697 tons.

The individual shares received by each country exceeded those initially allocated, thanks to the United States, who reduced their allotted share of 133,700 tons.

The total allocated tonnage represents two-thirds of all German merchant shipping taken by the Allies. The remaining third, under the *Potsdam* Agreement, goes to Russia and Poland.

Decision on the shares to be allocated was unanimous, save for India, who refused a 23-year-old ship of 2,594 tons allotted to her. Nevertheless, added Mr. Ruoff, India was anxious not to prolong the proceedings unnecessarily and did not resort to arbitration to which she was entitled. —Reuter.

SHOWING TO-DAY **QUEENS** AT 2.30, 5.15,
7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

IT'S ONE OF 1945'S BEST TEN!



ALSO LATEST NEWSREEL
GENERALISSIMO CHIANG KAI-SHEK RETURNS TO SHANGHAI . . . GIANT MACHINE BUILD CONCRETE HOUSE IN ONE DAY ETC.

SHOWING TO-DAY **ALHAMBRA** AT 2.30; 5.20; 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.



CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

10 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE
INSERTION, PREPAID, \$1
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION, ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD
PER INSERTION

\$2

Replies are awaiting at our
offices for Bx Nos. 47, 62, 81,
82, 88.

WANTED KNOWN

AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT buy
at Mode Elite, 22 Queen's Road
Cct. A. Dazzling World of "Puro"
silk embroidered garments of all
descriptions, "Genuine" Jade-gold
ornaments, "Finest" carved teak-
camphor chests, "Incomparable"
beautiful designs "Lowest" fixed
prices.

WE BUY OR SELL watch,
fountainpens, curio, camera, tele-
scope, silverware, lighters and
Jade. Apply Ah-Mong Store,
Stanley Street.

LADIES AND BABIES rejoice
and be glad for your old favou-
rite "EATCO" will soon be back
in Hongkong.

HALF A MILLION
MEN'S SECOND-HAND
JACKETS and TROUSERS
suitable for Hongkong trade
at FOUR SHILLINGS each.

Thousands shipped to Middle
East.

Quick shipment of pressed
bales of one thousand assorted
garments.

Establish "confirmed" credits
in payment of any quantity on
an English Bank.

M. Newman, (Contractors)
Ltd.
Heap Street, Manchester 7,
England.
Cable Address: Harbinger.

GOOD NEWS FOR
MOTORISTS

Charleston, May 30.
Chemists have concocted a
new synthetic oil that "runs"
even when the temperature goes
down to 40 degrees below zero.

On the other extreme, this
possible answer to that cranky
automobile motor on cold morn-
ings can withstand heat up to
470 degrees.

Developed in a synthesizing
process from natural or other
hydro-carbon bases, the man-
ufacturers say the oil may make
seasonal changes of oil in the
crankcase a thing of the past.
—Associated Press.

BEN LINE STEAMERS LIMITED.

SAILINGS TO U.K.

"BENVORLICH" loads for London via Straits—10th June.

FREIGHT ONLY.

VESSELS DUE

"BENVORLICH" from U.K. via Straits—5th June
"BENLEDI" " " " About end June
"LOKSANG" " " " 1st half June

For further particulars apply to

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA), LTD.
York Building

Tel. 34165.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S. S. "HAI YANG"

Sailing for SWATOW

On or about June 4th

Subject to alteration without Notice.

For Particulars of Freight & Passage.

Please apply to:

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

General Managers.

P. & O. Building, 5th floor Tel. 28755.

or

CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.

20 Connaught Road, Central Tel. 24639.

Settlement Of
U.S. Coal Strike

WASHINGTON, MAY 30.

THE GOVERNMENT SETTLED THE SOFT COAL STRIKE
TODAY ON TERMS GIVING 400,000 AMERICAN
FEDERATION OF LABOUR UNITED MINE WORKERS
\$1.85 A DAY PAY INCREASE AND A WELFARE
FUND FINANCED BY COAL ROYALTIES AND OTHER
CONCESSIONS.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE AGREEMENT WAS MADE BY
SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR KRUG WHO, AS BOSS
OF THE GOVERNMENT SEIZED MINES, NEGOTIATED
AND SIGNED THE CONTRACT WITH JOHN L.
LEWIS, MINE UNION CHIEF IN THE PRESENCE OF
PRESIDENT TRUMAN.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

Arrivals

Yesterday—S.S. Arcadia Victoria
from San Francisco, H.M.S.

Bermuda from exercises, H.D.M.L.
from trials, U.S.S. Orleck, S.S.

Horn Rock and S.S. Hiram.

Scheduled Departures

Today—U.S.S. Sprangler from
Swatow, R.F.A. Tancred from
Kure, B.Y.M.S. 2017 and 2015
from Singapore and S.S. Taksang

from Singapore.

Departures

Yesterday—S.S. Ninghai for
Singapore, U.S.S. Raby for Tsing-
tao, H.M.S. Hart with L.C.T.
1241 for Takao (Formosa).

Today—S.S. Hiram for Swatow
and U.S.S. Currier for Shang-
hai.

GRAIN MARKETS

Chicago, May 29.

Favourable growing weather
and increased country offering
weakened Oats futures. March
Corn delivery broke from its
capping for the first time in several
days.

Wheat—July 1.81%, August
1.98%, September 1.83%, Novem-
ber 1.93%, December 1.93%,
March 1.93%.

Corn—July 1.21%, September
1.21%, January 1.46%, March
1.46%.

Oats—July 0.83, August 0.83%,
September 0.80%, November
0.81%, December 0.81%, March
0.83%.

Rye—July 1.48%, September
1.48%, November 1.53%, Decem-
ber 1.48%, March 1.53%.

Barley—July 1.26%, Septem-
ber 1.26%, November 1.30%,
December 1.26%, March 1.30%.

Winnipeg Rye Market—May
26, asked July 2.53, asked, Octo-
ber 2.25% bid, December 2.16
asked.—Associated Press.

N.Y. EXCHANGES

New York, May 29.

Foreign Exchange—
T.T. on Montreal 0.90%, Lon-
don 4.03%, Paris 84%, Buenos
Aires (free market) 24.65, Rio de
Janeiro 6.25, Mexico 20.65, Am-
sterdam (florin) 37.80, Brussele
2.29, Batavia (guilder) 37.90,
Singapore 47.50, Bombay 30.35,
Hong Kong 25.06.—Associated
Press.

New York, May 29.
The International Statistical
Bureau today estimated that the
United States will receive ap-
proximately 100,000 bales of silk
from Japan this year.—Associated
Press.

N.Y. STOCK MARKET

New York, May 29.

A number of strong stocks con-
tinued to touch new levels while
many leaders stumbled over an
insistent profit-taking.

Earnings, split-ups, dividends
and future business prospects
still buoyed favourite shares.

Numerous customers cashed in,
however, on the idea that the
settlement of the coal strike which

Wall Street had expected moment-
arily may have been partly dis-
counted by the lengthy up-swing.

Sales totalled 1,990,000 shares.

Dow Jones Averages 79.41

30 Industrials 212.50

30 Rails 67.37

15 Utilities 43.74

Adams Express 24, Alaska
Juneau 94, American Can 102%,
American Smelting 69%, Ameri-
can Telephone 198%, American
Tobacco 99%, American Water-
works 26%, Anaconda Copper
29%, Aviation Corporation 11%,
Ludwig 34%, Barnsdall 30%,
Bendix Aviation 52%, Bethlehem
Steel 110%, Boeing 29%, Borden
Co. 55%, Canadian Pacific 19%, J.I.
Case 51%, Chrysler 137%, Colgate
64, Commercial Solvents 30%,
Corn Products 64%, Dupont 219,
Eastman Kodak 256, Electric
Light & Power 28%, General Elec-
tric 49%, General Motors 76%,
Goodrich 80, Homestake Mining
48%, International Harvester
100%, International Paper 49%,
International Tel. & Tel. 26%,
Johns Manville 159, Kennecott
Copper 69%, Montgomery Ward
103%, National Distillers 87%,
National Lead 39%, New York
Central 10%, Pan American Air-
ways 19%, Pennsylvania 16%, R.R.
42%, Radio Corporation 16%, Re-
public Steel 38%, Reynolds, To-
bacco 45%, Schenley 92, Sears
Roebuck 47, Shell Oil 41%, Socony
Vacuum 17%, Southern Pacific
68%, Standard Brands 49, Standard
Oil of Calif. 68%, Standard
Oil of New Jersey 76%, Stude-
baker 35%, Union Bag 38%,
Union Carbide 119%, U.S. Rubber
77%, U.S. Steel 91%, Westing-
house 36, Youngstown Sheet &
Tube 81%.—Associated Press.

Meanwhile, a sweeping per-
manent measure to curb strikes
and other trade union activities
was passed by the House of
Representatives by 230 votes to
136 and sent to President Tru-
man for signature.

While the House of Repre-
sentatives was endorsing the anti-
strike measure, the Senate pre-
pared for a quick vote on Presi-
dent Truman's draft proposal
under which the President
could call up into the armed
services men who refuse to work
in industries taken over by the
Government.—Associated Press
and Reuter.

Strike Measure

Meanwhile, a sweeping per-
manent measure to curb strikes
and other trade union activities
was passed by the House of
Representatives by 230 votes to
136 and sent to President Tru-
man for signature.

"Double-Cross"

Cleveland, Ohio, May 30.

Mr. A. F. Whitney, president
of the Brotherhood of Railroad
trainmen, left for New York to-
day for an address which he
said would expose what he de-
scribed as a "double-cross" by
President Truman in the recent
railway strike.

Interviewed here before leav-
ing, Mr. Whitney indicated
that labour legislation proposed
by the President now before
Congress might lead to unification
of all railroad brotherhoods
and unions into a single group
to provide a solid front.—Asso-
ciated Press.

G.M. DIVIDEND

New York, May 30.

Directors of the General Motors
Corporation reduced the com-
pany's dividend to 50 cents a com-
mon share, payable June 10 to
stockholders of record May 17,
compared with 75 cents a share
paid quarterly on the common
shares since March, 1944. General
Motors factories were out of pro-
duction for more than 100 days
during a strike which recently
was settled.—Associated Press.

U.S. COTTON

New York, May 29.

The N.Y. cotton futures market
today closed with a small net loss
on profit-taking, after having
advanced to new seasonal highs
earlier in the day.

July 27.93, October 28.21,
December 28.40, March 28.53, May
(1947) 28.00, July 28.52, Middle-
ton 28.55.

New Orleans Cotton—July
27.96, October 28.24/25, December
28.43/44, March 28.58, May (1947)
28.60.—Associated Press.

U.S. TRADE

Washington, May 29.

The U.S. Department of Com-
merce today announced that March
exports totalled \$788,000,000
and imports \$844,000,000. Exports
were \$137,000,000 higher
than February.

Industrial machinery accounted
for a \$22,000,000 increase. Raw
cotton, tobacco and wheat exports
also increased.

Imports were \$87,000,000 above
February.—Associated Press.

STEEL PRODUCTION

New York, May 30.

The "Iron Age," national metal-
working paper, said today that
the steel industry will return to
full rate production in about
three weeks after the coal miners
return to work.

The paper said it will take from
one week to 10 days for an ample
flow of steel to reach the steel
plants.—Associated Press.

Question

Today you hold the same hand
and the bidding continues:

Jacoby Schenck Miler Yer

18 Dbl. Pass (1)

ANSWER: Bid two hearts.

Your partner has a strong hand

and you have a good suit and

better than average strength. The

jump bid is necessary to show

your strength.

Score 100 per cent for two
hearts, 40 per cent for one heart.

For Particulars of Freight & Passage.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

SHIPPING DEPARTMENT

16 Pedder Street
Tel. 3031.

General Managers.

INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.

ARRIVALS

S.S. TAKSANG from Singapore 31st May
S.S. MAUSANG from Labuan 1st June
S.S. WINGSANG from Shanghai 2nd June

SAILINGS

S.S. TAKSANG to Singapore & Penang 6th June
S.S. WINGSANG to Shanghai 6th June
S.S. EMPIRE PERLIS to Sandakan 15th June

IN PORT

VitafreeDELICIOUS
AND
NUTRITIOUSTHE NEW VITAMIN-TOFFEE
DJUNG BROS. & CO. Tel: 25381**CHINA MAIL**

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1946.

UNIVERSAL TYPEWRITER CO.BUY or SELL
TYPEWRITERS & RIBBONS
EXPERT REPAIRING
SERVICE10, Des Voeux Rd. C, 1st Fl.
Tel. 27882
Canton: 18A, 62B (Shan-ke) Rd.
Tel. 18844**"Deluge Of Babies" In Next 300 Years**

Washington, May 30. The American population reference bureau figures that the world's current population of two billion will jump to 20 billion in 300 years when 45 additional earths will be needed to take care of them.

The bureau, a non-profit scientific educational institution which gathers population data, says China and India will play leading roles in this anticipated deluge of babies during the next three centuries. It figures of the fifteen additional earths required each century to handle population growths, China and India will need five each.

Army Captain Shot Dead

Dusseldorf, May 30. A British army captain of a special force combatting gangs of desperados roaming the British zone was shot dead near here last night.

The officer, whose name was not disclosed, was killed while intercepting a gang about to raid a German farm.

According to a witness, the men opened fire with an automatic weapon and the officer was killed instantly.

British troops turned out during the night and searched neighbouring displaced persons camps for the killers, believed to be Poles. Intensive inquiries are being conducted by military and public safety officers who have detailed descriptions of the wanted men.—Associated Press.

RADIOFRIDAY, MAY 31, 1946.
STUDIO—MARY TANG AT
THE PIANO.

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 640 Kilocycles and from 12:30 to 1:30 p.m., 6:30 to 7:30 p.m., 8:00 to 8:15 p.m., and 9:15 to 11:00 p.m., also on 9.62 Megacycles.

H.K.T.
12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.
12.32 p.m.—The Organ, The Dance Band and More.
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Forecast and Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—The Mills Brothers in Variety.
1.30 p.m.—A Programme of Irish Songs and Music.
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.
6.30 p.m.—"Light and Shade".
7.00 p.m.—De Groot and His Orchestra with Grace Moore (Soprano).
7.30 p.m.—Studio—Mary Tang at the Piano.
7.50 p.m.—Orchestral Interlude.
8.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.
8.15 p.m.—"Serenade in the Stars"—ENSA.
8.30—"Forces Request Hour".
9.30 p.m.—Louis Armstrong and His Orchestra.
10.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.
10.05 p.m.—Abridged Version of Leoncavallo's "I Puritani".
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked ENSA are specially recorded for Services entertainment by the Department of National Service Entertainment.

RADIO SEAC

Radio SEAC, Ceylon, the Services station, broadcasting on a frequency of 15120 Kcs (19.84 metres) and 6075 Kcs (4938 metres) from 8 a.m. to 10:30 p.m. (Indian Standard Time is 3 1/2 hours behind H.K. time).

Items marked * are produced by Overseas Recorded Broadcasting service, and items marked ** London Transcription service.

FRIDAY, MAY 31st—0800

Music On The Air: 0630 The News and Home News (BBC); 0645 Morning Star; 0700 Variety from London (BBC); 0730 Music For Romance (BBC); 0800 The News, and "From Today's Paper" (BBC); 0810 Programme Announcements; 0815 The Vic Oliver Show (BBC); 0915 The Melody Lingers On**; 0930 The News and Home News (BBC); 0940 Programme Announcements; 0945 International Celebrity; 1000 Hollywood Parade; 1030 Music From Ballet; 1100 News Headlines; 1101 Singing For You (Adelio Dixon)**; 1130 They Played The Parade; 1200 News Headlines; 1201 Football Fixtures; 1215 Heard Melodies Are Sweet; 1300 Comedy Caravan; 1330 The News (BBC); 1340 Bandstand; 1430 Who's Who In Radio*; 1430 Strictly Sentimental; 1500 Army Radio Orchestra*; 1630 Wandering Minstrel; 1600 Best Sellers; 1630 The News and Home News (BBC); 1645 Keyboard Club; 1715 India and Ceylon Half Hour; 1745 Military Band; 1800 Radio SEAC World and Home News; 1805 Yours For The Asking; 1900 Radio SEAC's Hospital Magazine; 1945 Journey Into Horror; 2015 Trans-Atlantic Rhythms; 2030 Radio Newark (BBC); 2040 Programme Announcements; 2050 Forces Favourites (BBC); 2100 The News, and "From Today's Paper" (BBC).

BRIDESHIP DEATHS

Washington, May 30.

Representative Jackson, a Washington Democrat, says

that the U.S. War Department

has informed him that the

deaths of eight Servicemen's

babies on the battleship "Saville

B. Vance" has been traced to a

virus disease known as pneumo-

enteritis, which has never oc-

curred among human beings in

this country before.

The disease is deadly and

there is no known cure. Jack-

son said it had been found pre-

viously in cattle. It affects the

lungs and intestines, brain and

other organs.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1946.

SAME JOB, SAME PAY

London, May 30. Recommendations that a much greater scope should be given to Colonial peoples to staff their own public services and acceptance of the general principle of basic pay for the same job, irrespective of race or domicile of the person doing the job, are contained in a Government White Paper on organisation of the British Colonial Service published today.

Stressing that the fundamental need is education, the White Paper states that £1,000,000 has been allocated under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act to enable Colonial candidates to obtain qualifications for appointment to the higher grades of the Civil Service.—Reuters.

SIAM CASE NOT TO GO BEFORE U.N.

New York, May 30. Dr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations Organisation, has decided not to submit to the Security Council the Siamese charges of French troops forcibly seizing and holding Siamese territory, a UNO spokesman said today.

The spokesman said that Dr. Lie has decided to wait until a member of the Council has brought the matter up, because the Siamese president, Pridi Panomyong, had not invoked the Charter and had not specifically asked the Secretary-General to bring the matter before the Council, appealing only for Dr. Lie's "sympathy, assistance and cooperation."

Various delegations and legal experts are now studying the very complicated legal problems involved, but no one has yet indicated any desire to bring the matter formally before the Council.

The British delegation has received no instructions on the new issue from the Foreign Office but considerable prominence is being given to reports from London of a statement attributed to a Foreign Office spokesman that Britain would support Siam in bringing her border dispute with France before the Security Council.

France today replied to the Siamese allegations made in complaint to the UNO Security Council that French troops from Indo-China had made "an attack on Siamese sovereignty."

A French spokesman at the UNO flatly denied to Reuter the Siamese charge of aggression and said that the French military action along the frontier was made necessary by the action of Siamese armed bands which were continually raiding French Indo-China across the frontier.

The American delegation is understood to be inquiring about Siam's wishes in view of the vague terms of the Siamese President's letter.

The position is extremely complicated because Siam is not a member of the United Nations, is formerly an enemy nation and is still technically at war with France.—Reuters.

Rome, May 30. Open air meetings are to be banned in Italy on Friday and again on Saturday—the eve of the elections and referendum on the future of the monarchy—it was officially announced today.

No successor has yet been added.

Lord Mountbatten probably will return to the Royal Navy and may be given command of British fleet.

The spokesman added "It is understood that the British Government was considering giving Lord Mountbatten an Empire administrative post, but that he preferred to continue his may career."—Associated Press.

BRIDESHIP DEATHS

Washington, May 30.

Representative Jackson, a Washington Democrat, says

that the U.S. War Department

has informed him that the

deaths of eight Servicemen's

babies on the battleship "Saville

B. Vance" has been traced to a

virus disease known as pneumo-

enteritis, which has never oc-

curred among human beings in

this country before.

The disease is deadly and

there is no known cure. Jack-

son said it had been found pre-

viously in cattle. It affects the

lungs and intestines, brain and

other organs.

CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1946.

SPORTS SECTION**Hong Kong Football Assn. Meeting**

The first meeting of the Council of Hong Kong Football Association since the return of the Civil Administration was held yesterday under the chairmanship of Mr. Wong Ka-tsun in the offices of Messrs Lo and Lo. It was attended by Messrs. K. K. Ip (Eastern), E. L. Strange (H. K. Club); Chas. Ying (South China A. A.) Fred Sung (Kwong Wah A. A.) H. K. Lee (Sing Tao S. C.) C. P. O. J. Rogers (Royal Navy), L/Cpl. J. Sharp (R. Engineers) C. Guimgam (Junior Clubs) and L. F. de Souza (Ass't. Hon. Secretary).

Elections to fill the vacancies of president and vice-president were deferred until the Annual General Meeting. Mr. L. F. de Souza was appointed Hon. Secretary in the place of Mr. L. A. Rocha, who was appointed at the meeting in October and who has since resigned.

A letter from Y. Saigien, a former interpreter, was read in which the Saigon Football Association requested the resumption of interport football between Hong Kong and Saigon. The matter was referred to the incoming council.

An application from the Sing Tao Sports Club for permission to make a trip to Shanghai was granted. Several letters applying for donations were received and these were referred to the new council. A sub-committee composed of Messrs. E. Strange, K. K. Ip and Cmdr. Robertson-Aikman was appointed to revise the rules of the Association and the various competitions run by it.

The report of the H. K. Rehabilitation Football League, which was received at the meeting, reads as follows: At a meeting held on October 12, 1945 under the chairmanship of the Deputy Chief Civil Affairs Officer, at which meeting pres-

REFEREES' MEETING

All interested are invited to attend the meeting of Soccer referees which will be held in the offices of Messrs. Lo and Lo (by kind permission) this afternoon at 3:30 p.m.

tatives of the Services and Clubs were present, it was announced by the D.C.C.A.O. that under the conditions then prevailing it was not possible for the Hong Kong Football Association to conduct organised football in the Colony for the time being and accordingly a Board of Control (under Military Administration) would take charge until such time as the Civil Administration take over in the Colony.

With the assistance of the Services certain grounds were then reconditioned and made available for football matches. The Official season commenced in November, 1945 with a series of Exhibition matches between the Services and the Chinese teams. These matches were followed by several Charity matches in aid of China Relief and The Commander-in-Chief's Funds.

In December the Board of Control delegated the power of conducting football to the League Management Committee. The League Committee met on 13 occasions and transacted matters which normally would be transacted by the Football Association. The League commenced on the 5th January, 1946 and ended on the 22nd April, 1946 with 10 teams entering.

The final position of the League is as follows:

P. W. D. L. F. A. Pts.
R. A. F. 9 7 1 2 1 2 11 15
44 R. M. Cdo. 9 6 2 1 25 6 14
Eastern 9 6 2 1 25 8 14
Navy 'B' 9 5 4 0 28 12 14
S. China 9 4 3 2 18 13 11
Kwong Wah 9 0 4 0 5 10 16 6
Royal 'A' 9 2 2 5 10 19 6
R. E. 9 2 1 6 16 24 6
Civilian 'A' 9 1 0 8 11 34 2
Civilian 'B' 9 0 1 8 7 45 6

A Shield Competition was played attracting 13 entries and resulting in the Royal Navy "B" team as winners, after extra time in a replay of the Final. In the course of the season an Interport match was played with Canton resulting in a win for Hong Kong 8-2.

There was a large programme of forty events and Fatho, Howatson, S. J., the Sportsmaster, was to be complimented on the speed and precision with which the races were run. The standard of swing was surprisingly high considering how little practice the boys had during the war years.

Mr. Enrique Chaine, champion of the Colony for many years, won the Fast Pupils' and Visitors' race.

TWO MAIN FEATURES

There are two outstanding features in the League, the first is that all gate receipts were centralized and pooled for division to all Clubs in equal share, and secondly, that goal average should count in the Competition for the Championship. Interest in the League and Shield Competition was maintained up to the very last match.

The gross receipts of the season came to over \$176,000, of which \$41,000 was distributed to Clubs and a further \$18,000 allocated to Clubs for Rehabilitation.

All the proceeds of the Hong

Great Golf Duel At Birkdale

Southport, May 29. In one of the finest golf duels seen in amateur play for many years, the former Walker Cup player Leonard Crawley, today eliminated the holder of the title, Alex Kyle of Scotland at the 20th hole in the fourth round of the British Championship over the Birkdale Course here.

Crawley was one up after nine holes and then a fierce battle ensued.

Kyle was still one down at the 15th, but he took the next two holes to go into the lead for the first time. Crawley fought back and holed from three yards to win the 18th. The end came only when Crawley hit the flag stick with his chip shot at the second extra hole and sank his putt of four feet.

The American challenger has been reduced to one by the defeat of "Chick" Evans by Capt. E. S. Browne. The only American to enter the fifth round tomorrow will be Frank Stranahan of Toledo, who still appears to be a formidable obstacle. Today in the third round he easily beat R. M. Robertson, but he had to go all out in the fourth round to overcome Ronnie White on the Home green.

favourite James Bruen of Ireland had one match today in which he disposed of the Welsh international A. D. Evans. After a grim struggle lasting three hours forty minutes, the former boy champion John Langley beat Cyril Tolley, twice the winner of the event, on the last green. Reuter.

Acceptances

London, May 30. The final acceptances for the Derby and the Oaks were announced today when 25 horses were left in for the Derby running at Epsom on June 6, and 12 for the Oaks, running the same course two days later.

The probable runners and jockeys for the Derby are: Aldis Lamp (Cliff Richards), Fast and Fair (Cliff Richards), or (Charlie Smirk), Fasta and Fair (Cliff Richards), or (Charlie Smirk), Bridle Path (Pat Evans), Master Vote (no jockey), Peterborough (Edgar Britt), Eriar Tuck (W. Burn), Scotch Red (no jockey), Happy Knight (Tommy Weston), Hispaniola (D. Jones), Neapolitan (Douglas Smith), Sky High (no jockey), Gulf Stream (Harry Wragg), White Jacket (Billy Everett), Airborne (Tommy Lowry), Sunstroke (no jockey), Happy Knight (Tommy Weston), Hispaniola (D. Jones), Neapolitan (Douglas Smith), Sky High (no jockey), Gulf Stream (Harry Wragg), White Jacket (Billy Everett), Airborne (Tommy Lowry), Sunstroke (